

Insurance Companies Ordinance (Chapter 41)

Minimum Requirements
specified under section 69(2) and section 70(2)

Insurance Authority

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(I) INTRODUCTION

The Insurance Companies Ordinance (“Ordinance”) has brought into the regulatory regime a framework for the supervision of the self-regulation by the insurance industry of insurance agents and brokers since 30 June 1995.

Apart from the provisions dealing with the self-regulatory system of insurance agents, the Ordinance empowers, under sections 69 and 70, the Insurance Authority (“IA”) to authorize/approve an insurance broker/a body of insurance brokers.

Under the Ordinance, an insurance broker means a person who carries on the business of negotiating or arranging contracts of insurance in or from Hong Kong as the agent of the policy holder or potential policy holder or advising on matters related to insurance.

In the above context, a contract of insurance is a contract which contains an element of insurance. Henceforth, any person acting as the agent of the policy holder or potential policy holder in advising on or arranging any contract which contains an element of insurance, irrespective of the extent of such insurance element, is deemed to carry on insurance broking business and is required either to obtain authorization from the IA under section 69 of the Ordinance or become a member of a body of insurance brokers approved by the IA under section 70 of the Ordinance.

The IA, before authorizing an insurance broker under section 69, is required to satisfy himself that the applicant insurance broker complies at least with the specified minimum requirements. Similarly, the IA, before approving a body of insurance brokers under section 70, is required to satisfy himself that the applicant body has adequate provisions in its regulation for members of the body to comply with the specified minimum requirements. The minimum requirements specified by the IA are for : -

- (a) qualifications and experience;
- (b) capital and net assets;
- (c) professional indemnity insurance;
- (d) keeping of separate client accounts;
- (e) keeping proper books and accounts;

and that the applicant insurance broker is fit and proper to be an insurance broker and that, in the case of the applicant body of insurance brokers, the applicant body has adequate rules and regulations to ensure that its constituent members are fit and proper to be insurance brokers.

Pursuant to the above, the following guidelines are drawn up to give guidance to insurance brokers or bodies of insurance brokers for compliance with the Ordinance and, in particular, the minimum requirements as specified by the IA. Failure to comply with these guidelines may result in a person or body of insurance brokers not being authorized or approved or having his/its authorization/approval withdrawn, as the case may be.

The guidelines will be kept under regular review in the light of market developments to ensure that the interests of policy holders and potential policy holders are adequately protected.

Insurance brokers should also be aware that other legislation may affect their business activities, in particular the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”). In certain cases an insurance product will constitute a collective investment scheme under the SFO, and must therefore be authorized by the Securities and Futures Commission before it can be offered to the public in Hong Kong.

Words and expressions used in the guidelines shall have the same meaning as are ascribed to them in the Ordinance.

For the purpose of these guidelines :

- (a) Chief Executive (“C.E.”) in relation to
- (i) an insurance broker means a person who, alone or jointly with others, is responsible for the conduct of the insurance broking business of such insurance broker, not being a person who-
 - (1) is also responsible for the conduct of other business; and
 - (2) has a subordinate responsible for the whole of the insurance broking business; or
 - (ii) an insurance broker formed outside Hong Kong means a person who, alone or jointly with others, is responsible for the conduct of the whole of the insurance broking business of such insurance broker carried on within Hong Kong, not being a person who-
 - (1) is also responsible for the conduct of insurance broking business carried on by the insurance broker elsewhere; and
 - (2) has a subordinate responsible for the whole of the insurance broking business carried on by the insurance broker within Hong Kong.
- (b) “Line of Insurance Business” means:
- (i) General Business;
 - (ii) Long Term (excluding Linked Long Term) Business; and/or
 - (iii) Long Term (including Linked Long Term) Business
- as defined in the Insurance Companies Ordinance.

- (c) “Policy replacement” means any transaction involving the purchase of long term insurance if within 12 months before or after a new policy is effected, an existing long term insurance policy:
 - (i) has lapsed;
 - (ii) is surrendered; or
 - (iii) is converted to paid-up or extended-term insurance.

This list is not conclusive and may be expanded from time to time to include other forms of replacement. For the avoidance of doubt, internal replacement i.e. both the existing and new policies are issued by the same insurer, is covered by these guidelines.

- (d) “Technical Representative” in relation to an insurance broker means a person who provides advice to a policy holder or potential policy holder on insurance matters for an insurance broker, or negotiates or arranges contracts of insurance in or from Hong Kong on behalf of an insurance broker for a policy holder or potential policy holder.
- (e) “Twisting” means the making of inaccurate or misleading statements or comparisons to induce a policyholder to replace existing long term insurance policy with other long term insurance policy to the policyholder’s disadvantage.

(II) AUTHORIZATION/APPROVAL OF INSURANCE BROKERS/BODIES OF INSURANCE BROKERS

(A) Insurance Brokers authorized under section 69

A person, whether a sole proprietorship, partnership or limited company, can apply to the IA to become an authorized insurance broker. An insurance broker, at the time of his application for authorization and any subsequent renewal of authorization, is required to satisfy the IA that he has complied and has continued to comply with all relevant statutory provisions and, amongst others, the minimum requirements as specified by the IA and contained herein.

(a) Nomination of Chief Executive

An insurance broker is required to nominate a C.E. The C.E. shall be a fit and proper person and shall meet the minimum requirements of qualifications and experience as specified by the IA.

Without limiting the generality of the definition of C.E. :

- (i) in respect of a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor shall be deemed to be the C.E. and shall assume full responsibilities over the conduct of the brokerage business of that proprietorship;

- (ii) in respect of a partnership, the C.E. shall be one of the partners under whom the business of the partnership is supervised or conducted and shall assume full responsibilities over the conduct of brokerage business of that partnership;
- (iii) in respect of a limited company, the C.E. shall either be a full time director or full time employee under whom the business of the company in Hong Kong is supervised or conducted.

(B) Bodies of Insurance Brokers approved under section 70

A body of insurance brokers can apply under section 70 for approval to become an approved body of insurance brokers. A body of insurance brokers, at the time of its application for approval or any subsequent renewal of approval, is required to satisfy the IA that it has complied and has continued to comply with all relevant statutory provisions and, amongst others, that it has maintained an appropriate set of rules and regulations for its members to comply with the minimum requirements as specified by the IA and contained herein.

An appropriate set of rules and regulations shall, amongst other things, include the eligibility of membership, membership rules, code of conduct for members and disciplinary procedures.

(III) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE BY INSURANCE BROKERS AND CONSTITUENT MEMBERS OF BODIES OF INSURANCE BROKERS

(A) Qualifications and Experience

An insurance broker or the C.E. nominated by him is required to (1) have attained the age of 21; (2) be a Hong Kong Permanent Resident or a Hong Kong Resident whose employment visa conditions, if any, do not restrict him from being engaged in insurance broking business; (3) have the minimum education standard of Form 5 or equivalent; and (4) have: -

- EITHER (i) an acceptable insurance qualification, a minimum of two years' experience in the insurance industry occupying a management position and, if he intends to be engaged in the long term (including linked long term) insurance broking business, passed the Investment-linked Long Term Insurance paper (Paper (d) as referred to in (ii) below) of the Insurance Intermediaries Qualifying Examination recognized by the IA ("the Qualifying Examination"), unless exempted under (ii)(2) below. An acceptable insurance qualification may be a/an:

- (1) Associate or Fellow of the Chartered Insurance Institute (ACII/FCII);
 - (2) Senior Associate or Fellow of the Australian and New Zealand Institute of Insurance and Finance (ANZIIF (Snr Assoc) / ANZIIF (Fellow));
 - (3) Fellow of the Life Management Institute (FLMI);
 - (4) Chartered Life Underwriter (CLU);
 - (5) Chartered Property Casualty Underwriter (CPCU);
 - (6) Hong Kong Diploma in Insurance Studies of the Insurance Institute of Hong Kong;
 - (7) Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of England (FIA);
 - (8) Fellow of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland (FFA);
 - (9) Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia (FIAA);
or
 - (10) Fellow of the Society of Actuaries of the United States of America (FSA);
- or other qualifications considered acceptable to the IA;

- OR (ii) in the event he has no acceptable insurance qualification as mentioned in (i) above, a minimum of five years' experience in the insurance industry of which 2 years is at management position and passed the relevant papers of the Qualifying Examination unless exempted. The Qualifying Examination consists of the following papers:

- Paper (a) compulsory paper – Principles and Practice of Insurance;
- Paper (b) qualifying paper – General Insurance;
- Paper (c) qualifying paper – Long Term Insurance; and
- Paper (d) qualifying paper – Investment-linked Long Term Insurance.

- (1) An individual shall be exempted from Papers (a), (b) and (c) as appropriate of the Qualifying Examination if he was engaged in the insurance intermediary business in Hong Kong immediately before 1 January 2000 and is in possession of one of the following:
 - (a) proven relevant experience in insurance business in Hong Kong for a cumulative period of at least five years within the six-year period immediately before 1 January 2000; or
 - (b) the Certificate of Proficiency in General Insurance Studies issued by the Hong Kong Federation of Insurers.

- (2) An individual shall be exempted from Paper (d) of the Qualifying Examination if he
- (a) is in possession of any of the following recognized professional qualifications in insurance, investment or actuarial science:
- (1) Chartered Life Underwriter (CLU) with an elective paper “HS 328 Investments” in the CLU qualifying examination successfully passed;
 - (2) Chartered Financial Consultant (ChFC);
 - (3) Certified Financial Planner (CFP);
 - (4) Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of England (FIA);
 - (5) Fellow of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland (FFA);
 - (6) Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia (FIAA);
 - (7) Fellow of the Society of Actuaries of the United States of America (FSA);
 - (8) person passed the Foundation Programme Examination of the Hong Kong Securities Institute (FPE);
 - (9) person passed the Diploma Programme Examination of the Hong Kong Securities Institute (DPE);
 - (10) HKSI Practising Certificate of the Hong Kong Securities Institute; or
 - (11) HKSI Specialist Certificate of the Hong Kong Securities Institute;
- or other qualifications acceptable to the IA; or
- (b) was engaged in long term insurance intermediary business in Hong Kong immediately before 1 January 2002 and has fulfilled all of the following:
- (1) has proven long term insurance experience in Hong Kong for a cumulative period of at least seven years within the eight-year period immediately before 1 January 2002; and
 - (2) has proven experience in Hong Kong in selling at least four linked long term policies per annum and 50 linked long term policies in total within the five-year period immediately before 1 January 2002.

- (a) In respect of (i) above, the following applies:
- (1) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has met, inter alia, the experience requirement and any one of the qualification requirements specified in (i)(1) to (6) above is eligible to carry on or conduct both general and long term (excluding linked long term) insurance broking business.
 - (2) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has met, inter alia, the experience requirement and any one of the qualification requirements specified in (i)(7) to (10) above is eligible to carry on or conduct both general and long term (including linked long term) insurance broking business.
 - (3) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has ceased to be engaged in insurance-related work in the insurance industry in Hong Kong for two consecutive years shall, inter alia, pass Paper (d) of the Qualifying Examination again before he can be authorized or registered as an insurance broker or the C.E. of an insurance broker to carry on or conduct long term (including linked long term) insurance broking business again, unless he has met the requirements specified in (i) and has been exempted under (ii)(2)(a) above as appropriate.
 - (4) An individual, who has passed Paper (d) of the Qualifying Examination, but if for two consecutive years during which he has not been engaged in insurance-related work in the insurance industry in Hong Kong, shall inter alia, re-sit and pass Paper (d) of the Qualifying Examination again before he can be authorized or registered as an insurance broker or the C.E. of an insurance broker to carry on or conduct long term (including linked long term) insurance broking business, unless he has met the requirements specified in (i) and has been exempted under (ii)(2)(a) above as appropriate.
- (b) In respect of (ii) above, the following applies:

- (1) An insurance broker or his C.E., who has met, inter alia, the experience and Qualifying Examination requirements, is only eligible to be engaged in the Line of Insurance Business in respect of which he has passed the Qualifying Examination, unless exempted under (ii) above as appropriate. In addition to passing the compulsory paper on Principles and Practice of Insurance, he is required to pass the General Insurance paper and Long Term Insurance paper for his engaging in General Business and Long Term (excluding Linked Long Term) Business respectively. He is required to pass, in addition to the compulsory paper, both Long Term Insurance and Investment-linked Long Term Insurance papers for his engaging in Long Term (including Linked Long Term) Business.

- (2) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has met, inter alia, the experience requirement and has been exempted under (ii)(1)(a) above is only eligible to be engaged in the Line of Insurance Business (General Business and Long Term (excluding Linked Long Term) Business only) in which he has been engaged or substantially engaged for five years within the six-year period immediately before 1 January 2000.
- (3) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has met, inter alia, the experience requirement and has been exempted under (ii)(1)(b) above is eligible to carry on or conduct general insurance broking business only.
- (4) An insurance broker or his C.E. who has ceased to be engaged in insurance-related work in the insurance industry in Hong Kong for two consecutive years shall, inter alia, pass the relevant papers of the Qualifying Examination again before he can be authorized or registered as an insurance broker or the C.E. of an insurance broker again, unless he has met the requirements specified in (i) and has been exempted under (ii)(2)(a) above as appropriate.
- (5) An individual, who has passed the Qualifying Examination, but if for two consecutive years during which he has not been engaged in insurance-related work in the insurance industry in Hong Kong, shall inter alia, re-sit and pass the relevant papers of the Qualifying Examination again before he can be authorized or registered as an insurance broker or the C.E. of an insurance broker, unless he has met the requirements specified in (i) and has been exempted under (ii)(2)(a) above as appropriate.

An insurance broker or his C.E. shall comply with the requirements of the Continuing Professional Development Programme in such manner and form as specified by the IA.

An insurance broker which is not an individual is only eligible to be engaged in the Line of Insurance Business which its C.E. is eligible to be engaged in.

(B) Capital and Net Assets

An unincorporated insurance broker shall maintain in his insurance brokerage business a minimum net assets value of HK\$100,000 at all times.

An incorporated insurance broker shall maintain a minimum net assets value and a minimum paid up share capital of HK\$100,000 at all times.

The minimum net assets value is to be determined by excluding all intangible assets and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

(C) **Professional Indemnity Insurance**

An insurance broker is required to maintain a professional indemnity insurance policy with a minimum limit of indemnity for any one claim and in any one insurance period of 12 months. The minimum limit of indemnity shall be -

- (i) a sum equal to -
 - two times the aggregate insurance brokerage income relating to 12 months immediately preceding the date of commencement of the professional indemnity insurance cover (applicable to insurance broker who has been in business for more than one year);
 - two times the projected insurance brokerage income for 12 months for the period of the professional indemnity insurance cover (applicable to insurance broker who has been in business for less than one year); or
- (ii) a sum of HK\$3,000,000

whichever sum shall be greater, up to a maximum of HK\$75,000,000. Cover in excess of this prescribed amount may, of course, be arranged to meet the requirements of individual broker. If as a result of a claim(s), the indemnity available shall fall below the amount determined in (i) above, the broker shall effect a reinstatement of cover up to not less than such minimum determined amount. Where the limit of indemnity has been determined in accordance with (ii) above, the policy shall include provision for one automatic reinstatement to a limit of indemnity of not less than HK\$3,000,000.

Insurance brokerage income, in this context, means brokerage income derived from advising on or arranging any contract which contains an element of insurance, irrespective of the extent of such insurance element.

(D) **Keeping of Separate Client Accounts**

An insurance broker is required to keep client monies in a client account separate from his own monies. He is not allowed to use client monies for any purpose other than for the purposes of the client. The “client account” shall be designated as such and held by the insurance broker for his client. There shall also be evidence that the provisions of section 71 of the Ordinance have been notified to and acknowledged by the financial institution with which the “client account” is maintained: -

- (i) A “client account” means a current or deposit account maintained with a financial institution duly authorized under the Banking Ordinance in the name of the insurance broker in the title of which the word “client” appears.

- (ii) An insurance broker shall keep at least one client account and may keep as many such accounts as he thinks fit.
- (iii) An insurance broker who receives or holds monies on behalf of his client in relation to insurance broking business shall, without delay, deposit such monies into the client account.

Without limiting the generality of the above requirements, the following are to give brief guidance on the circumstances under which monies shall be deposited into or withdrawn from a client account.

(a) Deposit into client account

These shall be paid into a client account: -

- (i) monies received from client for the purpose of purchasing contracts of insurance;
- (ii) monies received on behalf of client from insurers, reinsurers, insurance intermediaries and any other third parties relating to the settlement of insurance claims;
- (iii) monies received for the purposes of the client which are incidental to the ordinary transactions of insurance broking business; and
- (iv) monies required to be deposited for settlement of bank charges incurred on a client account.

(b) Withdrawal from client account

Withdrawals from a client account shall be restricted to:-

- (i) premium monies required to be paid on behalf of client to insurers, reinsurers or other insurance intermediaries for the purchase of contracts of insurance;
- (ii) claim monies received on behalf of client and required to be paid to the claimant or the person entitled to receive them;

- (iii) payments made for the purposes of the client which are incidental to the ordinary transactions of insurance broking business;
- (iv) monies drawn on client's written authority;
- (v) interests received from deposits placed with client account;
- (vi) monies required to be withdrawn for settlement of bank charges incurred on a client account; and
- (vii) monies which may by mistake or accident have been paid into the account in contravention of paragraph (D)(a).

For the avoidance of doubt, monies incidental to ordinary insurance broking business, as referred to in para. (D)(a)(iii) and para. (D)(b)(iii) above, are -

- (i) premiums, renewal premiums, additional premiums and return premiums of all kinds;
- (ii) claims and other monies due under contracts of insurance;
- (iii) refunds to clients;
- (iv) policy loans and associated interests;
- (v) fees, charges, levies relating to contracts of insurance; and
- (vi) discounts, commissions and brokerage.

(E) Keeping Proper Books and Accounts

- (a) (i) An unincorporated insurance broker shall cause to be kept such accounting and other records as will sufficiently explain the transactions, and reflect the financial position of the insurance broking business carried on by him, and will enable financial statements of such insurance broking business to be prepared from time to time which give a true and fair view of the financial position and results of the insurance broker;

- (ii) An incorporated insurance broker shall cause to be kept such accounting and other records as will sufficiently explain the transactions, and reflect the financial position of the insurance broker, and will enable financial statements to be prepared from time to time which give a true and fair view of the financial position, and results of the insurance broker; and
 - (iii) An insurance broker, whether incorporated or unincorporated, shall cause those records to be kept in such a manner as will enable them to be conveniently and properly audited.
- (b) The records referred to in (a) above shall be kept -
- (i) in writing or in such a manner as to enable them to be readily accessible and readily converted into written form; and
 - (ii) in sufficient detail to show separately particulars of -
 - (1) all transactions by the broker with, or for the account of -
 - insurance and reinsurance companies;
 - clients of the insurance broker; and
 - the insurance broker himself;
 - (2) all income received from brokerage, commissions, interest and other sources, and all expenses, commissions and interest paid by the insurance broker; and
 - (3) all the assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) of the insurance broker.
- (c) An insurance broker shall retain for a period of not less than 7 years the records referred to in (a) above.

(IV) FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE TEST ON FITNESS AND PROPRIETY OF AN INSURANCE BROKER

An insurance broker, apart from compliance with the above minimum requirements, is required to satisfy the IA that he is and will continue to be fit and proper to be authorized as an insurance broker. For this purpose, an insurance broker is deemed to be not fit and proper if

- (i) in the case of a sole proprietorship or partnership, the proprietor or any of the partners (including the C.E.) is not a fit and proper person to hold such position;
- (ii) in the case of a limited company, any of its C.E., directors or controllers (within the same meaning as defined in section 9 of the Insurance Companies Ordinance) is not fit and proper to hold the position held by him;

- (iii) the C.E. or any of his/its Technical Representatives is not confirmed and registered pursuant to these guidelines.

In this connection, the fundamental principles relating to the test on fitness and propriety of an insurance broker include the following: -

(A) **Utmost Good Faith**

- (a) An insurance broker shall be of good character and reputation.
- (b) He shall, at all times, conduct his business with utmost good faith and integrity.
- (c) He shall be independent and impartial in providing advice to his clients.
- (d) He shall not give any misleading information or make any false statements.
- (e) He shall not describe himself as an insurer or agent of an insurer.
- (f) He shall use his best endeavour to avoid conflict of interest and shall not allow his other business interests, if any, to jeopardize his integrity, independence or competence.
- (g) He shall not be engaged in twisting.

(B) **Due Care and Diligence**

- (a) An insurance broker shall exercise due care and diligence in understanding and satisfying the insurance needs and requirements of his client.
- (b) He shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that his C.E., Technical Representatives and employees, who are dealing with the policy holder or potential policy holder, are competent as well as fit and proper persons. He shall also ensure that his C.E. or Technical Representatives are eligible to be engaged in the Line of Insurance Business which he (the insurance broker) is eligible to be engaged in. He shall not employ any insurance broker whose authorization has been withdrawn by the IA, or any person whose membership as appointed insurance agent or insurance broker is currently suspended or deregistered by the Insurance Agents Registration Board or by any approved body of insurance brokers.
- (c) He shall not appoint any C.E. or Technical Representative who is not a fit and proper person.
- (d) He shall terminate the appointment of his C.E. or Technical Representative who has been determined by the IA or an approved body of insurance brokers not to be fit and proper.

- (e) He shall explain the principle of utmost good faith to his client and make it clear that all answers and statements given in completing the proposal form, claim form, or any other material document are the client's own responsibility.
- (f) He shall advise his client that incorrect answers or information given in completing the proposal form, claim form or any other material document may result in the contract of insurance being invalidated or void or claims being repudiated.
- (g) He shall explain the terms of the insurance contracts to his client and shall advise his client of any exclusion clauses provided in the contract.
- (h) He shall comply with all guidelines, codes of practice or similar guidance materials to which he is subject.
- (i) He shall comply with the requirements as specified in the Code of Conduct for MPF Intermediaries ("MPF Code") issued by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority ("MPFA") where he is engaged in selling or advising on Mandatory Provident Fund schemes or their constituent or underlying funds.
- (j) He shall take adequate measures to ensure that each of his directors and employees:
 - (i) has registered as an MPF intermediary with the MPFA; and
 - (ii) complies with the requirements as specified in the MPF Codewhere the director or employee is engaged in selling or advising on Mandatory Provident Fund schemes or their constituent or underlying funds.

(C) **Priority of Client's Interests**

- (a) An insurance broker shall place the interests of his client above all other considerations in providing advice to, or arranging contracts of insurance for his client.
- (b) He shall not prejudice his client's selection of insurers by unreasonably limiting the choices of insurers.
- (c) He shall not be unreasonably dependent on any particular insurer in transacting insurance broking business.

(D) **Information from Client**

An insurance broker shall not disclose any information acquired from his client except: -

- (a) in the normal course of negotiating, maintaining or renewing a contract of insurance for that client to the extent that the information disclosed is required for such purposes;
- (b) to other professional or commercial organizations in connection with the contract of insurance for that client including but not limited to loss adjusters and surveyors, security consultants and installation companies, property and engineering surveyors consultants and vendors, consulting engineers and architects;
- (c) with the written consent of that client; or
- (d) with court order or to comply with obligations imposed upon him by law.

(E) **Information for Client**

- (a) An insurance broker shall make adequate and accurate disclosure of relevant material information in dealing with his client.
- (b) If he, at the request of his client or as a result of the absence of suitable products available locally, refers or arranges a contract of insurance with an insurer authorized in other jurisdiction but not authorized in Hong Kong, he shall advise his client of the unauthorized status of the insurer and obtain a written acknowledgement of the fact from the client. Where the client is a corporate entity, he may, in lieu of obtaining a written acknowledgement of the fact, include a notice to the corporate client in the cover note or placement confirmation. The notice and acknowledgement shall follow the Specimen Notice to client and Acknowledgement from client at Annexure A and Annexure B respectively. The notice to corporate client shall follow the Specimen Notice at Annexure C.
- (c) He shall disclose his association, if any, he may have with any insurer to whom he is recommending his client and which may result in a potential conflict of interests. Without limiting the generality of the statement, an insurance broker must disclose his association with the insurer arising from common shareholder/director/controller.
- (d) If he is the director/C.E./Technical Representative/employee of more than one insurance broker, he shall disclose the capacity in which he is acting in dealing with his clients.

- (e) He shall disclose his registration number assigned by the IA or an approved body of insurance brokers (as the case may be) if so requested. He shall also identify his registration number on his business cards if they are distributed.
- (f) He shall ensure that the Customer Protection Declaration (Annexure D) has been completed before the client agrees or makes a decision in relation to the purchase of a new long term insurance policy. In the course of completing the Customer Protection Declaration, he shall follow the Explanatory Notes attached to the Customer Protection Declaration. If any long term insurance policy replacement is recommended, he shall explain the important consequences and ensure that the client fully understands the important consequences. In the event that he explains there is no disadvantage attached to the replacement, he shall give the reason for this conclusion in writing in the Customer Protection Declaration as fully as possible. He shall then forward the completed Customer Protection Declaration to the insurer issuing the new long term insurance policy.
- (g) He shall deliver any new long term insurance policy together with a copy of the Customer Protection Declaration (if applicable) issued by the insurer through him to his client without delay.

(F) Capabilities

- (a) An insurance broker shall be capable to perform his functions efficiently. In this regard, whether he, inter alia, has ever been declared bankrupt or been a controller, a director, an officer or a senior manager of a corporation that has become insolvent shall be taken into account.
- (b) He shall be mentally sound.
- (c) He has not been convicted of any criminal offence which may affect his fitness, suitability or propriety to act as an insurance broker or found guilty of misconduct by a professional body to which he belongs or has belonged.
- (d) He shall comply with all statutory obligations.

In this connection, the provisions under section (IV)(A)-(F) may, as appropriate, apply to the sole proprietor in case of an insurance broker being a sole proprietorship, any of the partners in case of an insurance broker being a partnership, any of its directors or controllers (within the same meaning as defined in section 9 of the Insurance Companies Ordinance) in case of an insurance broker being a limited company, as if he were an insurance broker.

In considering whether the appointment of C.E. and Technical Representative can be confirmed by the IA or an approved body of insurance brokers, as the case may be, and registered in the sub-register under the Register of Insurance Brokers kept by the IA or an approved body of insurance brokers, the following shall, inter alia, be taken into account:-

- (1) whether the prospective C.E. or Technical Representative is fit and proper to act as an insurance broker if he were to apply to be authorized as such. In this connection, the provisions under section (IV)(A)-(F) may, as appropriate, apply to the prospective C.E. or Technical Representative as if he were an insurance broker;
- (2) whether the prospective C.E. has met the requirements specified in section (III)(A);
- (3) whether the prospective Technical Representative:
 - (i) has attained the age of 18;
 - (ii) is one of the following persons:
 - (a) a Hong Kong Permanent Resident; or
 - (b) a Hong Kong Resident whose employment visa conditions, if any, do not restrict him from being engaged in insurance broking business; or
 - (c) a person who is permitted to work in Hong Kong and whose employment visa conditions, if any, do not restrict him from being engaged in insurance broking business; and
 - (iii) has the minimum education standard of Form 5 or equivalent unless he was engaged in the insurance intermediary business in Hong Kong immediately before 1 January 2000 and has not since ceased to be engaged in insurance-related work in the insurance industry in Hong Kong for two consecutive years;
- (4) whether the prospective Technical Representative has passed the relevant papers of the Qualifying Examination as if he were an insurance broker unless he is in possession of an acceptable insurance qualification specified under section (III)(A)(i)(1) to (10) or other qualifications considered acceptable to the IA and he has been exempted under section (III)(A)(ii)(1) or (2) as appropriate; and
- (5) whether the C.E. or Technical Representative has complied with the requirements of the Continuing Professional Development Programme in such manner and form as specified by the IA.

In respect of the examination or exemption requirements mentioned in (4) above, the restrictions in section (III)(A)(a) and (b) shall be applicable to a Technical Representative as if he were an insurance broker or C.E. subject always that no Technical Representative shall be engaged in a Line of Insurance Business other than that the insurance broker appointing him is eligible to be engaged in.

Appointment and registration of C.E. and Technical Representatives shall be effected in the following manner:-

- (1) An insurance broker shall obtain the confirmation of the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers before confirming the appointment of any person as his C.E. or Technical Representative.
- (2) An insurance broker shall be responsible for submitting the application for confirmation of appointment and registration of his C.E. or Technical Representative in such manner and form as may be specified by the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers from time to time.
- (3) An insurance broker and the prospective C.E. or Technical Representative shall provide to the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers such additional information relevant to the application as the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers may require. The IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers shall not be required to consider an application unless it is made in the specified manner and form and is duly completed with the information requested being provided in full. If the insurance broker becomes aware of any change in the material circumstances of the prospective C.E. or Technical Representative who is the subject of a pending application, he shall notify the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers forthwith of such change.
- (4) A prospective C.E. or Technical Representative who is the subject of an application shall satisfy the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers that he is fit and proper to act as such and has complied with the specified qualifications and experience requirements. Unless the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers is so satisfied, it shall not confirm the appointment of that person as a C.E. or Technical Representative by the insurance broker and register that person as the C.E. or Technical Representative of the insurance broker.
- (5) The registration of a C.E. or Technical Representative shall continue only for such period as the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers may specify. The insurance broker may apply for re-registration of a C.E. or Technical Representative prior to the expiration of the current registration of the C.E. or Technical Representative concerned.

- (6) As a condition for re-registration, a C.E. or Technical Representative shall comply with the requirements of the Continuing Professional Development Programme in such manner and form as specified by the IA. Failure to comply with the requirement may lead to refusal of re-registration or de-registration of the C.E. or Technical Representative concerned.
- (7) The registration of a C.E. or Technical Representative shall be cancelled upon his cessation to be the C.E. or Technical Representative of the insurance broker. The insurance broker shall notify the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers within seven days of such cessation and provide such details as the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers may require. Upon such notification by the insurance broker, the IA or relevant approved body of insurance brokers shall immediately remove the name of the C.E. or Technical Representative concerned from that part of the sub-register relating to that insurance broker.
- (8) The approved bodies of insurance brokers shall give the IA details of the registration and cancellation of registration of C.E. or Technical Representative within seven days of such registration or cancellation of registration (as the case may be) and shall make the sub-register available to the IA for inspection.

(V) **SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND AUDITOR'S REPORT**

(A) **Authorized Insurance Brokers**

Under section 73(1) of the Ordinance: -

- (i) An unincorporated insurance broker is required to submit to the IA audited financial statements in respect of the insurance broking business carried on by the insurance broker which show a true and fair view of the financial position of the broking business carried on by him as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the period then ended;
- (ii) An incorporated insurance broker is required to submit to the IA audited financial statements which show a true and fair view of the financial position of the insurance broker as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the period then ended;

- (iii) An insurance broker, whether incorporated or unincorporated, is required to submit a report from the auditor stating whether in the auditor's opinion, the insurance broker satisfied the minimum requirements for capital and net assets, professional indemnity insurance, keeping of separate client accounts and keeping of proper books and accounts as at the end of the financial year and 2 such other dates in the financial year as the auditor may elect, provided that the intervening period between those 2 dates shall not be shorter than 3 months.

For the purposes of reporting on the 2 such other dates as referred to above, the IA considers that it is sufficient for the auditor to perform such procedures as laid down in the guidelines to be issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in consultation with the IA in this respect.

The auditor's report and audited financial statements shall be submitted to the IA within 6 months after the close of the period to which the statements relate.

(B) Approved Body of Insurance Brokers

A body of insurance brokers authorized under section 70 of the Ordinance shall include in its membership rules and regulations a requirement that each of its members shall submit to it annually, within six months following the end of the financial year of the member: -

- (i) for members who are unincorporated, audited financial statements in respect of the insurance broking business carried on by the member which show a true and fair view of the financial position of the broking business carried on by the member as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the period then ended;
- (ii) for members who are incorporated, audited financial statements which show a true and fair view of the financial position of the member as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the period then ended;
- (iii) an auditor's report expressing whether, in his opinion, the member satisfies the minimum requirements for capital and net assets, professional indemnity insurance, keeping of separate client accounts and keeping of proper books and accounts as at the end of the financial year and 2 such other dates in the financial year as the auditor may elect, provided that the intervening period between those 2 dates shall not be shorter than 3 months.

For the purposes of reporting on the 2 such other dates as referred to above, the IA considers that it is sufficient for the auditor to perform such procedures as laid down in the guidelines to be issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in consultation with the IA in this respect.

A body of insurance brokers authorized under section 70 of the Ordinance shall in accordance with section 73(2) of the Ordinance, give the IA a report by its auditor stating: -

- (i) whether the body of insurance brokers has received from each of its members the financial statements and auditor's report in accordance with its membership rules and regulations;
- (ii) that he has reviewed all reports by auditors of members in respect of the financial statements and the minimum requirements and none contained any adverse statement or qualification except those listed by him in his report.

The above report, together with its audited financial statements, shall be submitted to the IA within 6 months after the close of the period to which the audited financial statements relate.

INSURANCE AUTHORITY
December 2004

NOTICE TO CLIENT

Your insurance contract *may be/*has been arranged or effected wholly or partly with an insurer authorized in other jurisdiction but not authorized by the Insurance Authority to conduct insurance business in Hong Kong (“insurer not authorized in Hong Kong”). Such insurers are not subject to the provisions of the Insurance Companies Ordinance (Cap. 41), which establishes a system of prudential supervision of authorized insurers in Hong Kong.

It is a matter for your consideration whether you should obtain further information from the insurance broker involved on matters such as: -

- (a) name and address of the insurer not authorized in Hong Kong;
- (b) country of incorporation of the insurer authorized not authorized in Hong Kong and whether that country has a compatible system for supervision of insurers;
- (c) financial standing of the insurer not authorized in Hong Kong;
- (d) which country’s laws will determine disputes under the contract.

* Delete if not applicable

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, _____ (full name) of _____
_____ (address) have read
the above notice and I acknowledge that the insurance contract *may be/*has been/arranged or
effected wholly or partly with an insurer authorized in other jurisdiction but not authorized under the
Insurance Companies Ordinance (Cap. 41) to conduct insurance business in or from Hong Kong.

Dated

(Signature of client)

* Delete if not applicable

NOTICE TO CORPORATE CLIENT

The underwriting security of this insurance includes participation by an insurer authorized in other jurisdiction but not authorized by the Insurance Authority to conduct insurance business in Hong Kong (“insurer not authorized in Hong Kong”). You are reminded that such insurers are not subject to the provisions of the Insurance Companies Ordinance (Cap. 41), which establishes a system of prudential supervision of authorized insurers in Hong Kong.

It is a matter for your consideration whether you should obtain additional information from the insurance brokers on matters such as: -

- (a) name and address of the insurer not authorized in Hong Kong;
- (b) country of incorporation of the insurer not authorized in Hong Kong;
- (c) financial standing of the insurer not authorized in Hong Kong;
- (d) which country’s laws will determine disputes under the contract.

CUSTOMER PROTECTION DECLARATION FORM

IMPORTANT DOCUMENT! PLEASE STUDY CAREFULLY BEFORE SIGNING!

This is an **IMPORTANT PART** of the Code of Practice for Life Insurance Replacement ("Code") and the Minimum Requirements as specified by the Insurance Authority under the Insurance Companies Ordinance ("Minimum Requirements") but does not form part of the application/proposal. Please refer to the Explanatory Notes before completing this Form.

Name of the Insurer of the New Life Insurance Policy : _____

Application/Proposal Number : _____

Name of Applicant/Proposer : _____

HKID Card/Passport No. of Applicant/Proposer : _____

SECTION A

1. a) **Have you replaced*** in the past 12 months any or a substantial part of your existing life insurance policy(ies) with the above application/proposal?

Yes (Please go to Section B) No (Please answer question b below)

b) **Do you intend to replace** in the next 12 months any or a substantial part of your existing life insurance policy(ies) with the above application/proposal?

Yes (Please go to Section B) No (Please read carefully and sign the Declaration in this Section only)

Declaration by the Applicant/Proposer :

I realize if I answer "No" to both questions above but indeed,

i) the above-mentioned application/proposal has replaced any or a substantial part of my existing life insurance policy(ies) in the past 12 months; or

ii) my current intention is to replace any or a substantial part of my existing life insurance policy(ies) within the next 12 months by the above-mentioned application/proposal,

I may jeopardize my future right of redress if I find later that I have been disadvantaged because of such replacement.

I hereby authorize the Insurer of the new life insurance policy to give the Insurance Agents Registration Board, the Hong Kong Confederation of Insurance Brokers, the Professional Insurance Brokers Association Limited, the Insurance Authority, the Hong Kong Federation of Insurers, the insurer(s) of the life insurance policy(ies) that is/are being or has/have been replaced (if applicable) or other parties, as required for proper administration/ implementation/execution of the Code and the Minimum Requirements, a copy of this Form and any related records or information.

Signature of the Applicant/Proposer

Date (D / M / Y)

* Notes: Please refer to clause C of the Explanatory Notes for the definition of "Replacement".

SECTION B

Attention: A policyholder would usually suffer losses if he/she chooses to replace his/her existing life insurance policy(ies), especially within the first few years of the policy term. The intent of this Form is to ensure that the Agent/Broker has already explained to you in detail any real and potential disadvantages in replacing your existing life insurance policy(ies). You are advised to study the pamphlet titled "Life Insurance Policy Replacement – What you need to know" issued by the Insurance Authority and provided by the Agent/Broker before you complete this Form.

The Agent/Broker shall explain to you the full implications of replacing your existing life insurance policy(ies) with the new life insurance policy.

The Agent/Broker **MUST HELP YOU** complete all items below and tick where appropriate.

Please write down the life insurance policy(ies) replaced/to be replaced and complete items 2 to 6 :

Name of insurer(s) : _____

Policy Number(s) : _____

You are strongly advised :

- a) To consult the insurer(s) of your existing life insurance policy(ies) for further information (**please note that this Form will be copied to the insurer(s) of your existing life insurance policy(ies) you indicate above**);
- b) **NOT** to cancel your existing life insurance policy(ies) until the new life insurance policy is issued; and
- c) To use **additional blank paper(s)** if the space provided in this Form for answer is not enough, but remember to sign and ask the Agent/Broker to sign on the additional paper(s).

2. Financial implications of the replacement :

a) You could be paying the policy set-up cost **TWICE** – the set-up cost is usually two years premiums or 10% of single premium of the basic life insurance policy replaced/to be replaced (This is for reference only; the Agent/Broker should advise you of the estimated loss for this replacement).

Estimated Loss HK\$: _____
If no loss or if estimated loss is less than two years premiums or 10% of single premium of the basic life insurance policy replaced/to be replaced, please give reason and justification :

b) You may have to pay **HIGHER** premiums under the new life insurance policy because you are older.

Will the annualized premiums be **HIGHER** under the new life insurance policy for the same sum insured?

Yes No

If no, please give reason : _____

c) The projection of future values of the new life insurance policy may be higher than the existing life insurance policy(ies), but the projected values in most cases depend on the performance of the insurers and may **NOT** be guaranteed.

Guaranteed Cash Values on the policy anniversary dates immediately after age 65 (if one of the policies or all policies mature(s) before age 65, please fill in the Guaranteed Cash Values on the policy anniversary dates of each policy in the earliest maturity year) :

On the policy anniversary date of the calendar year of _____ ,

Guaranteed Cash Value(s) of the existing life insurance policy(ies) :

On the policy anniversary date of the year indicated above, the Guaranteed Cash Value of the new life insurance policy :

3. Insurability implications of the replacement :

Some coverage may be denied or a higher premium may be charged due to changes in :

- a) health conditions;
- b) occupation;
- c) lifestyle/habit, e.g. smoking/drinking; or
- d) recreational activities, e.g. hazardous sports, etc.

Has the Agent/Broker explained to you the implication(s) of changes in each of the conditions listed on the left-hand side in this replacement?

- a) Yes No
- b) Yes No
- c) Yes No
- d) Yes No

4. Claims eligibility implications of the replacement :	
a) The benefits under a life insurance policy may not be payable if the life insured commits suicide within a certain period of the policy's issue date. Your new life insurance policy may restart the period in the "suicide clause".	a) Period in the "Suicide Clause" expires on : Existing life insurance policy(ies) : _____ (D / M / Y) New life insurance policy : _____ Number of months from the new policy's issue date
b) The benefits under a life insurance policy may not be payable if information on the application was incomplete. The benefits under your existing life insurance policy(ies) will be payable, in the absence of fraud, if this incomplete information is not discovered within the "contestability period" (usually two years). Your new life insurance policy may restart the "contestability period".	b) "Contestability period" expires on : Existing life insurance policy(ies) : _____ (D / M / Y) New life insurance policy : _____ Number of months from the new policy's issue date
5. Other considerations :	
a) List riders/supplementary benefits you have under the existing life insurance policy(ies) but will not have under the new life insurance policy.	_____ _____ _____
b) List reasons why the new life insurance policy is more suitable for your needs and objectives.	_____ _____ _____
c) Have you been advised by the Agent/Broker of any alternatives to replacing the existing life insurance policy(ies)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
6. Declaration by the Applicant/Proposer :	7. Declaration by the Agent/Broker :
I declare that I have read and discussed the relevant item(s) of this Form with the Agent/Broker. I understand and accept the financial and other implications of changing my existing insurance arrangement as explained by the Agent/Broker. I also declare that I have received a copy of the pamphlet titled, "Life Insurance Policy Replacement – What you need to know", issued by the Insurance Authority. I realize if I have not fully understood this Form, in signing this Declaration I may jeopardize my future rights of redress if I find later that I have been disadvantaged because of this replacement. I hereby authorize the Insurer of the new life insurance policy to give the Insurance Agents Registration Board, the Hong Kong Confederation of Insurance Brokers, the Professional Insurance Brokers Association Limited, the Insurance Authority, the Hong Kong Federation of Insurers, the insurer(s) of the life insurance policy(ies) that is/are being or has/have been replaced or other parties, as required for proper administration/implementation/execution of the Code and the Minimum Requirements, a copy of this Form and any related records or information. (Warning : a. You must read all items carefully and check that the Agent/Broker has completed with you all the information on this Form before you sign your name here. b. Please do not sign a blank Form or leave any space blank.)	I declare that I have explained fully the above listed items and the related implications of the decision of the Applicant/Proposer in regard to replacing the existing life insurance policy(ies), and have not made any inaccurate or misleading statements or comparisons nor withheld any information which may affect the decision of the Applicant/ Proposer. _____ Signature of the Agent/Broker _____ Agent/Broker's name in full _____ Insurance Agent/Broker Reg. No. _____ Date (D / M / Y)
_____ Signature of the Applicant/Proposer	
_____ Date (D / M / Y)	

Explanatory Notes to Customer Protection Declaration Form

- (A) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer complete a Customer Protection Declaration Form ("Form") for each new individual life insurance policy applied for/proposed by an applicant/proposer. The agent/broker must inform the applicant/proposer that according to the Code of Practice for Life Insurance Replacement ("Code") the insurer of the new life insurance policy (i) will send to the applicant/proposer a copy of the Form together with the policy when it is issued and (ii) will send a further copy to the insurer(s) of the life insurance policy(ies) which has been replaced/to be replaced. For the purpose of the Form, any reference to insurance agent/broker shall include its responsible officer/chief executive(s) and technical representatives.

To enable the insurer of the new life insurance policy to process the insurance application of the applicant/proposer, the applicant/proposer should work with the agent/broker to complete the Form which will be used for regulatory purposes as stated in the Code and the Minimum Requirements for insurance brokers as specified by the Insurance Authority under the Insurance Companies Ordinance and a copy of the Form may be transferred to the parties as stipulated in the "Declaration by the Applicant/Proposer" of the Form. Requests for access to and/or correction of the information (if appropriate) in the Form can be made to the same contact point as for the data in the insurance application.

- (B) For identification purpose, the agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer fill in the full name of the Insurer issuing the new life insurance policy (the Insurer may pre-print its name on the Form), the relevant application/proposal number, the name of applicant/proposer of the new life insurance policy and the Hong Kong Identity Card/Passport number of applicant/proposer.
- (C) Any transaction involving the purchase of life insurance is construed as a Replacement if any or a substantial part of the Existing Life Insurance Policy(ies) has been/have been/will be terminated. Existing Life Insurance Policy(ies) include(s) any life insurance policy(ies) of the applicant/proposer, which has/have been terminated within 12 months before or will be terminated within 12 months after the new life insurance policy's issue date. Termination includes lapse, surrender, converted to reduced paid-up or extended-term insurance under the non-forfeiture provision of the existing life insurance Policy(ies). 50% or above of the sum insured of a basic life insurance policy would be construed as "a substantial part of the policy". However, converting term life insurance to whole life insurance (or some forms of permanent life insurance) under policy provisions of the existing life insurance policy(ies) is not construed as a Replacement.
- (D) If the applicant/proposer answers "No" to both items 1(a) and 1(b) of Section A, he/she shall read carefully and simply sign the Declaration in Section A only and ignore the rest.

(E) How to complete the Form

- (1) If the applicant/proposer answers "No" to both items (a) and (b), the agent/broker must explain the Declaration before he/she asks the applicant/proposer to sign in Section A. There is no need to fill in Section B.

If the applicant/proposer answers "Yes" to either item (a) or (b), the agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer complete items 2 to 5 and must explain and discuss with the applicant/proposer the full implications of replacing any or a substantial part of his/her existing life insurance policy(ies) with the new life insurance policy in relation to financial implications, insurability implications and claims eligibility implications of the replacement and other considerations. The applicant/proposer may consult the insurer(s) of his/her existing life insurance policy(ies) for further information. There is no need to sign in Section A.

- (2a) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer fill in the estimated loss for the replacement by referencing that the set-up cost is usually two years premiums or 10% of single premium of the basic life insurance policy replaced/to be replaced. No reason is required if the estimated loss stated is equal to or higher than this reference. The agent/broker may use other reference for the estimated loss provided he/she could reasonably justify the estimation, and must give reason and the justification if there is no loss or if estimated loss is less than two years premiums or 10% of single premium.

- (2b) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer compare the annualized premiums of the existing life insurance policy(ies) and the new life insurance policy by using the same sum insured, and give reason if the annualized premiums will not be higher under the new life insurance policy for the same sum insured.
- (2c) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer fill in the guaranteed cash values of the existing life insurance policy(ies) and the new life insurance policy using the values on the policy anniversary dates immediately after the applicant/proposer reaches age 65, or if one of the policies or all policies mature(s) before age 65, fill in the guaranteed cash values on the policy anniversary dates of each policy in the earliest maturity year. The agent/broker has to obtain the value(s) of the existing life insurance policy(ies) from the applicant/proposer unless the applicant/proposer declares in writing in the space provided for "Guaranteed Cash Value(s) of the existing life insurance policy(ies)" that he/she does not want to disclose such information.
- (3) The agent/broker must explain the implications of the changes of health conditions, occupation, lifestyle/habit and recreational activities in this replacement to the applicant/proposer before the latter ticks the boxes.
- (4a) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer fill in the expiry dates of the period in the "suicide clause" for both the existing life insurance policy(ies) and the new life insurance policy. The expiry date of the latter will be the number of months from its issue date. The agent/broker has to obtain the expiry date(s) of the existing life insurance policy(ies) from the applicant/proposer unless the applicant/proposer declares in writing in the space provided for "Existing life insurance policy(ies)" that he/she does not want to disclose such information.
- (4b) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer fill in the expiry dates of the "contestability period" for both the existing life insurance policy(ies) and the new life insurance policy. The expiry date of the latter will be the number of months from its issue date. The agent/broker has to obtain the expiry date(s) of the existing life insurance policy(ies) from the applicant/proposer unless the applicant/proposer declares in writing in the space provided for "Existing life insurance policy(ies)" that he/she does not want to disclose such information.
- (5a) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer list out the riders/supplementary benefits under the existing life insurance policy(ies) that will not have under the new life insurance policy for the applicant/proposer. Detailed benefits under each rider/supplementary benefit are not required to be listed. The agent/broker has to obtain the riders/supplementary benefits under the existing life insurance policy(ies) from the applicant/proposer unless the applicant/proposer declares in writing in the space provided that he/she does not want to disclose such information.
- (5b) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer list out the reasons why the new life insurance policy is more suitable for the applicant/proposer unless the applicant/proposer declares in writing in the space provided that he/she does not mind whether the new life insurance policy is more suitable or not.
- (5c) The agent/broker must help the applicant/proposer answer this question.
- (6) The agent/broker must explain the "Declaration by the Applicant/Proposer" to the applicant/proposer before the latter signs it.
- (7) The agent/broker shall sign the "Declaration by the Agent/Broker", declaring that he/she has explained fully the related implications of the decision of the applicant/proposer in regard to replacing the existing life insurance policy(ies) and has not made any inaccurate or misleading statements or comparisons nor withheld any information which may affect the decision of the applicant/proposer.

(Notes: Additional papers may be used wherever the spaces provided in the Form are insufficient. However, both agent/broker and applicant/proposer must sign on all the papers that are used.)

~ The End ~