Existing disciplinary proceedings of the Self-regulatory Organizations ("SROs")

At the meeting of the Working Group held on 3 February 2015, the three SROs conducted a presentation on key steps of their existing disciplinary proceedings (Ref: WG Paper No. 1/2015). This paper outlines the differences between the existing disciplinary proceedings of the SROs and summarizes Working Group members' suggestions on the disciplinary proceedings of the independent Insurance Authority ("IIA").

Differences between the Disciplinary Proceedings

2. Based on information provided by the SROs, differences in the key steps between the three sets of disciplinary proceedings are highlighted below –

	Insurance Agents Registration Board ("IARB")	Hong Kong Confederation of Insurance	Professional Insurance Brokers
		Brokers ("CIB")	Association ("PIBA")
Collection	• Written	• Written	• Written
of evidence	submission	submission	submission
and	• Interview (if		• Interview by
statements	necessary)		case officers
Oral	 Upon request 	 Mandatory 	• Only for
hearing /	• When IARB	for all prima	validation of
written	considers	facie cases	information
submission	necessary	(except minor	submitted or
	• The regulatee	cases where a	collection of
	can make	penalty has	further facts
	mitigation	been	by case
	submission	imposed)	officers
	after receiving	• The regulatee	• The regulatee
	the decision	can make	can make

	on charges.	the	mitigation submission after receiving the decision on the charges.	written submission after receiving the Notice of Disciplinary Proceeding (which sets out the preliminary decision) and has the right to be heard before the final decision is made.
Cross examination	• Allowed		• Allowed	Not allowed

Views of the SROs

3. CIB and IARB considered that cross-examination should be retained in IIA's disciplinary regime for insurance intermediaries, as they opined that this process could facilitate the Disciplinary Committee's validation of the statements received and assessment of the credibility of the witnesses. PIBA considered it important to conduct interviews with the complainant and intermediary concerned as it would help clarify details which were not well-expressed in writing. It should be noted that as present, the three SROs do not have statutory powers to conduct investigations. The above information will serve as a reference for IIA in formulating its relevant guidelines.

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